RF400R
INSTRUCTIONS
USE AND MAINTENANCE
INSTRUCTION MANUAL for
ROTORFLUSH FILTERS
Self Cleaning Pump Intake Filters and Screens
Model RF400R
TO BE KEPT BY THE USER
1. **MANUFACTURER AND FILTERPUMP IDENTIFICATION DATA**

1.1. **Manufacturer Data**
- Rotorflush Filters Limited
- Langmoor Manor
- Charmouth
- Bridport
- Dorset
- DT6 6BU
- United Kingdom
- Telephone: +44 (0) 1297 560229
- Fax: +44 (0) 1297 560110
- Email: mail@rotorflush.com

1.2 **Filter Data**
- Description: Self Cleaning Pump Intake Filter/Strainer

2. **TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE INFORMATION**
If a malfunction of the Filter is not covered in the TROUBLESHOOTING table (Section 12) contact Rotorflush Filters Ltd at the above address.

3. **INTRODUCTION**
This publication contains all necessary information and instructions for the use and maintenance of your Rotorflush Filter
Follow the advice given to ensure correct operation and optimum performance of the Filter. For any other information, please contact Rotorflush Filters Ltd.

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5. GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS
FAILURE TO OBSERVE THESE WARNINGS AND/OR ANY TAMPERING WITH THE FILTER EXEMPTS ROTORFLUSH FILTERS LTD FROM ALL RESPONSIBILITY IN THE EVENT OF PERSONAL INJURY OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT OR PROPERTY AND/OR TO THE FILTER.

Read this manual carefully and check to ensure that the Filter has been properly installed and connected in accordance with relevant safety standards before starting the Filter.

There are no RESIDUAL RISKS with Rotorflush Filters
No particular technical skills are required to use Rotorflush Filters

5.1. Preventive Measures to be Taken by the User

a) The user must specifically comply with all the accident prevention regulations in force in the respective countries in which the Filter is being used; the indications given in Section 7 must be scrupulously followed.

b) During operation make sure that nobody is in the water
The user must not carry out under his/her own initiative any operations or tasks not contemplated in this manual.
5.2 Significant Protection and Precautions
Rotorflush Filters are designed so that all moving parts are shrouded by protective casings. Rotorflush Filter Ltd declines all responsibility in the event of injury or damage caused as a result of tampering with these devices.

6. DESCRIPTION

6.1. General Description
Rotorflush self cleaning pump intake filters are all similar from the functional and constructive point of view; the only differences are the following:
- flow rate
- weight
- dimensions

Rotorflush Filters are used for handling water containing low levels of suspended solids as found in rivers and sea water (316L version) Unwanted solids are repelled from the filter screen by rotating internal jets. The jets are powered by taking a Tee off the pumps output pipe and connecting it to the backwash connection at the top of the filter.

Rotorflush Filters are designed for long life and constant performance if used according to these instructions.
6.1 (continued)

Flow to pump
Max 67-69m³/hr

Flow to backwash
rotor 7-9 m³/hr

3 inch BSP male

1 1/2 inch BSP Female
Connect to Tee off pump outlet

Fig 1
## 6.2 Self-cleaning Filter Technical Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter screen Area RF400R</th>
<th>2500 cm²</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filter Mesh</td>
<td>3 mm or 6mm aperture perforated 316 stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Materials: Filter body</td>
<td>304 stainless steel (316 for sea water)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor bearings</td>
<td>304 stainless/acetal (316 for sea water)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber jets</td>
<td>Natural rubber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber jet clips</td>
<td>304 stainless steel (316 for sea water)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 inch nipple</td>
<td>316 stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 ½ inch union</td>
<td>316 stainless steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum usable flow</td>
<td>60m³/hr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back wash flow and pressure</td>
<td>7-9m³/hr @ 0.3-0.4 bar, <strong>(do not exceed 0.4 bars)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight RF400R</td>
<td>19.00 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7. **Intended and Unintended Use**

**WARNING**

Failure to respect the prescribed limits constitutes a situation of use that is technically improper and may endanger the safety of persons and thus EXEMPTS ROTORFLUSH FILTERS LTD FROM ANY RESPONSIBILITY IN THE EVENT OF ACCIDENTS TO PERSONS OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT OR PROPERTY AND/OR TO THE FILTER, THEREBY RENDERING THE GUARANTEE INVALID.

7.1 **Intended Conditions of Use**

Rotorflush Filter are suitable for filtering water with low levels of suspended solids, Oily/fatty/sticky solids will reduce filter performance.

7.2 **Unintended Conditions of Use**

Rotorflush Filters must not be installed in swimming pools and similar environments, for pumping water containing acids and corrosive liquids in general, water with temperatures over 45°C, inflammable and dangerous liquids in general.

8. **HANDLING AND TRANSPORT**

Unpacking and handling

Move the box containing the filter to the site where it is to be installed before unpacking

Check that there are no breakages or dents in the packing; if there are, point this out immediately to the person who delivers the material. Open the box, check that there has been no damage to the filter during transport, paying particular attention to the filter mesh.

9. **INSTALLATION**

**BEFORE CARRYING OUT ANY INSTALLATION OPERATIONS.**

Ensure that all relevant safety procedures are observed. Particular care should be taken when moving the filter. The filter is heavy and only persons experienced and suitably qualified must attempt installation.
9.1 Sitting the filter in the environment

The filter can be sited in tanks, ponds/lagoons, rivers/streams and channels/flumes where it is immersed in water. It is very important that the detritus backwashed from the filter has sufficient space to move away from the filter.

It is not advised to put any pre-screening devices around the filter. Debris will be trapped between the pre-screening device and the filter; this may build up and block the filter.

9.1.1 Flowing water

When installing the filter in flowing water, (in rivers/streams, channels/flumes, where the flow is great enough to stop settlement of solids), space around the filter is not as important. Detritus backwashed from the filter will be carried away downstream by the flow. The filter should have enough space around it to allow a flow of water all around it to take backwash solids away from the screen.

When siting in a channel with flowing water, there should be at least 0.3 metres each side of the filter and the channel wall.

The filter may need protection stop build up of weed, logs and detritus that may be brought down by the flowing water and collect around the filter and put undue force on the 3 inch pipe nipple. Any such protection should be sited so that it does not stop the flow of water around the filter taking backwashed debris downstream.

9.1.2 Tanks ponds/lagoons

When sitting in a tank or pond/lagoon, detritus backwashed from the filter will build up in the tank or pond/lagoon. Periodically this detritus will need to be removed. To allow the filter to work for as long as possible in the tank before cleaning out is required, it is important that there is sufficient space around and below the filter for detritus to move away and settle. In some circumstances the detritus may float and form a crust on the water in the tank, in this situation the filter should be sited with enough water above it so that a crust can form away from the filter.

The filter must have as much space to the sides and below the filter as possible to allow detritus to move away from the filter screen. The smaller the clearance around the filter unit the more frequently the tank, pond or lagoon will need to have the detritus removed usually by emptying it.
9.2 Mounting

The filter is designed to be supported by the top 3 inch pipe nipple. It should be mounted with the 3 inch flange at the top as shown in fig 2. A non-return valve (NRV) should be installed to the 3 inch nipple.

It is the installers responsibility to ensure that the pipework connected to the 3 inch nipple is strong enough to support the weight of the filter and forces created from the water flowing past the filter.

The filter must be submerged in the water by a minimum of 200 mm above top of the filter screen (see Fig 2 page 9). If the water is turbulent or there is any likely hood of water level dropping then the installer must install the filter deeper under the water.

9.3 Pipe Connections.

Connect the suction pipe from the pump to the 3 inch pipe nipple (see fig 2 page 9) A non-return valve should be fitted in the suction line near to the filter. It is important that when the pump is switched on water is immediately being returned to the backflushing rotor inside the filter.

Install a Tee off the output pipe of the pump. The backwash pipe from the Tee to the 1 ½ inch union should be a suitable size to provide the flow rate and pressure required by the backwashing jets (see 6.2 page 7 and fig 1 page 6 for flow rates and pressures). When the pump is switched off the upstream pipeline may drain back through the filter backwashing line. If this is a problem, fit a non-return valve upstream of the Tee.
9.4 Regulating flow and pressure to backwash jets

The backwash jets are designed to work at low pressures (0.3-0.4 bars, 4.35psi -6.0 psi) The rubber fan jets may be damaged if subjected to higher than recommended pressures. Lower than recommended pressures will result in inadequate cleaning of the filter screen and the filter may block.

If the system pressure is higher than 0.4 bars then a pressure regulator must be installed in the backwash line to regulate the pressure to the backwash jets. This can be in the form of a throttling valve or pressure regulator.

If the system pressure is lower than 0.4 bars then a throttling valve or pressure regulator should be installed upstream of the Tee to increase pressure to the backwashing jets.

If the system pressure is likely to vary during operation then a pressure regulator must be installed in the backwash line to automatically adjust the pressure in the backwash pipe, near to the connection on the filter to between 0.3 and 0.4 bars. The filter has a 3 or 6mm screen so there will still be some particles in the water, pressure regulators selected must be able to work with some solids in the water.

A pressure gauge should be installed near to the backwash connection on the filter to check that the correct pressure is being delivered to the backwashing jets. This must be sited so that it can easily be seen during operation.

9.5 Pump protection

In some situations the filter may become blocked, either by high levels of solids in the water, insufficient flow past the filter to take backwashed solids away from the filter (see 9.1.1, page 10) or build up of solids when installed where there is no flow past the filter (see 9.1.2, page 10). See Trouble Shooting (see section 12 page 17)

If the filter becomes blocked or partially blocked it may cause the pump to cavitate or run dry. To protect the pump from damage it is strongly advised that equipment is installed to detect that the pump is cavitating or running dry and automatically shut the pump down.
10. **PREPARATION FOR USE AND START UP**

Fill the pipe from the pump intake to the filter with water and prime the pump.

10.1 **System pressure greater than 0.4 bars**

If the system pressure will be greater than 0.4 bars when the pump is running, close the valve or pressure regulator to adjust pressure to backwash so that no water is delivered to the backwash pipe (see fig 2 page 9).

Check that it is safe to start the pump.

Start the pump, once it is pumping water, slowly open the valve or adjust the pressure regulator so that the pressure gauge in Fig 2 (page 9) is reading between 0.3 and 0.4 bars.

10.2 **System pressure less than 0.4 bars**

If the system pressure will be less than 0.4 bars when the pump is running then the throttling valve or pressure regulator as described in 9.4 installed upstream of the TEE should be set so that it does not increase the pressure in the backwash pipe.

Check that it is safe to start the pump.

Start the pump, once it is pumping water, slowly close the valve or adjust the pressure regulator so that the pressure gauge in Fig 2 (page 9) is reading between 0.3 and 0.4 bars.

10.3 **Check rotation of backwash Jets**

If the water is clear enough you may be able to see the backwash jets in operation. The rotor rotates at approximately 20 RPM at 0.35 bars pressure. As there are two jets for each section backwashed, a jet will pass a fixed point on the screen approximately every 1.5 seconds.
11. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

BEFORE CARRYING OUT ANY MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.

Turn off pump and make sure that all relevant safety procedures are observed. Particular care should be taken when uninstalling the filter. The filter is heavy and only persons experienced and suitably qualified must attempt to lift it from the water.

Remove the filter from the water. Note when full of water this is heavy, remove slowly to allow to drain. Once removed from the water, the filter must be stabilised by the use of chocks.

Weights
RF400R full of water 50 kg.

11.1 Manual Cleaning of the filter screen

The filter screen should be inspected periodically to check that it is clean. It is possible for organisms to attach to the filter screen that are not removed by the backwashing jets. The frequency of manual cleaning is very variable and depends on the conditions pertaining in the water, such as temperature, nutrient content and organisms present.

If the screen is severely contaminated it may require the filter to be removed from the water. The perforated stainless screen is robust and can be cleaned by using high pressure water jets. Make sure that the 3 or 6mm perforations are completely clear of debris after cleaning.
11.2 Replacement of rubber jets

Over time the rubber backwashing jets will need replacement. Normally we would advise replacement every 4 years.

The filter system will need to be removed from the water.
1. Unscrew the bolts securing the top plate (see fig 4)
2. Lift out the cleaning rotor
3. Each rubber jet is held in place with a hose clamp. Loosen the hose clamp using a standard screwdriver and/or 7mm spanner. Remove the old rubber jet and hose clamp. (Note retain hose clamp for re-use)
4. Put the hose clamp onto the 50mm pipe, then push new rubber jet onto pipe. The metal clip in the end of the rubber jet must be positioned as shown in Fig 3. There should be a gap of 10mm between the end of the jet and the inside of the filter casing.

Fig 4
11.3 **Bearing replacement (see fig 4 for parts identification)**

There are Acetal bearings in both ends of the central rotor tube.

1. Remove the self tapping screws that hold the bearings in place.
2. Insert a long rod through the hole in the top Acetal bearing and tap the bottom bearing out.
3. Do the same for the Acetal top bearing.
4. Tap the new bearings into the tube and replace the retaining bolts.
5. The bottom bearing post is retained by a 8 mm bolt through the centre of the bottom end. Remove the 8 mm bolt and take out the old bearing post. Install the new bearing post.
6. The top bearing spigot is screwed into the 1 ½” union.
   
   Unscrew the top bearing spigot from the union and install the new one.
### 12. Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FAULT</th>
<th>CAUSE</th>
<th>REMEDY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filter Blocks causing pump to cavitate and/or stop pumping water</td>
<td>Solids levels in the water too high</td>
<td>If in a tank or pond with no flow, drain the tank or pond and re-fill. If solid levels persistently high reduce the pump’s output whilst maintaining backwash flow rate. Where there is water flowing past the filter, reduce the pump’s output whilst maintaining backwash flow rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screen is contaminated with organisms growing on the screen or detritus attached to the screen that is not removed by the backwash</td>
<td>Screen is contaminated with organisms growing on the screen or detritus attached to the screen that is not removed by the backwash</td>
<td>Clean the screen (see 11.1, page 14)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber jets split</td>
<td>Replace rubber jets (see 11.2, page 15)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backwash Jets not rotating</td>
<td>Check pressure and flow rate to backwash. (see 9.4, page 12)</td>
<td>Bearings worn, replace bearings (see 11.4, page 16)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Filter blocked and pump will not pump water when started again.

When the filter screen is blocked, with the pump running, the differential pressure across the screen will be too great for the backwash jets to clear the screen.

**Either:** stop the pump and clean the screen manually.

**Or:** introduce another source of water to power the backwash jets.

With the pump stopped, there will be no differential pressure across the screen. The backwash jets, powered by another water source can now clear the screen.
13. WASTE DISPOSAL

See 6.2, (page 7) for materials of construction. Remove rubber jets and acetal bearings and dispose of/recycle safely.
The remainder of the filter is 304 or 316 stainless steel that can be recycled.

14. Warranty

The warranty period is 12 months from delivery.

Supply of spare parts.

Spare parts will be delivered without charge, within the warranty period, to mainland UK addresses only.
If the customer exports the filter outside the United Kingdom there will be a charge for delivery of the spare parts.

Return of Filter to Rotorflush Filters Ltd.
If within the warranty period the customer returns the Filter(s), to Rotorflush Filters Ltd at the address specified in section 1.1 then Rotorflush will undertake repairs without charge.

Rotorflush will deliver the repaired Filter without charge within the warranty period to mainland UK addresses only.
If the customer exports the filter outside the United Kingdom, there will be charge to return the filter to the customer.